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* **IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI**
Date of decision: 08th April, 2025

+ **W.P.(C) 11721/2021 & CM APPL. 36214/2021**
M/S. RANI ENTERPRISES Petitioner
Through: Mr. Priyadarshi Manish, Ms. Anjali
Jha Manish and Mr. Paras Aneja,
Advs.
versus
PRINCIPAL COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, ICD,
PATPARGANJ & ORS. Respondents
Through: Mr. Gibran Naushad, Sr. Standing
counsel with Mr. Harsh Singhal and
Mr. Suraj Shekhar Singh, Advs. for
R-1 &3.
Mr. Aditya Singla, SSC, CBIC with
Ms. Arya Suresh Nair, Adv. for DRI.

CORAM:
JUSTICE PRATHIBA M. SINGH
JUSTICE RAJNEESH KUMAR GUPTA

Prathiba M. Singh, J. (Oral)

1. This hearing has been done through hybrid mode.
2. The present petition has been filed by the Petitioner under Article 226 of the Constitution of India *inter alia* seeking release of the Petitioner's goods seized by the Respondent by DRI, Lucknow Zonal Unit on 25th and 26th June, 2021. The Seizure Memo dated 26th June 2021 and an investigation report dated 9th August, 2021 has been issued by DRI, Lucknow Zonal Unit. Based on the said report and memo, Show Cause Notice dated 25th October, 2021 has also been issued to the Petitioner.
3. The primary contention that the Petitioner raised *vide* this writ petition is in respect of the jurisdiction of DRI Officials as '*proper officers*'



to conduct proceedings under Section 110 of the Customs Act, 1962. Reliance was placed on the Supreme Court decision in *Canon India Pvt. Ltd. v. Commissioner of Customs, 2021 (18) SCC 563* (hereinafter ‘*Canon-I*’), which had held that DRI Officials were not ‘proper officers’ for the purpose of Customs Act, 1962.

4. However, the *Canon-I* decision has been reviewed in *Review Petition (Civil) No. 400/2021* titled ‘*Commissioner of Customs v. M/s Canon India Private Limited*’, (hereinafter, ‘*Canon-II*’).

5. In *Canon-II*, the following findings have been rendered by the Supreme Court:

“168. In view of the aforesaid discussion, we conclude that: [...]

(vi) Subject to the observations made in this judgment, the officers of Directorate of Revenue Intelligence, Commissionerates of Customs (Preventive), Directorate General of Central Excise Intelligence and Commissionerates of Central Excise and other similarly situated officers are proper officers for the purposes of Section 28 and are competent to issue show cause notice thereunder. Therefore, any challenge made to the maintainability of such show cause notices issued by this particular class of officers, on the ground of want of jurisdiction for not being the proper officer, which remain pending before various forums, shall now be dealt with in the following manner:

a. Where the show cause notices issued under Section 28 of the Act, 1962 have been challenged before the High Courts directly by way of a writ petition, the respective High Court shall dispose of such writ petitions in accordance with the observations made in this judgment and restore such notices for adjudication by the proper officer under Section 28.



b. Where the writ petitions have been disposed of by the respective High Court and appeals have been preferred against such orders which are pending before this Court, they shall be disposed of in accordance with this decision and the show cause notices impugned therein shall be restored for adjudication by the proper officer under Section 28.

c. Where the orders-in-original passed by the adjudicating authority under Section 28 have been challenged before the High Courts on the ground of maintainability due to lack of jurisdiction of the proper officer to issue show cause notices, the respective High Court shall grant eight weeks' time to the respective assessee to prefer appropriate appeal before the Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT).

d. Where the writ petitions have been disposed of by the High Court and appeals have been preferred against them which are pending before this Court, they shall be disposed of in accordance with this decision and this Court shall grant eight weeks' time to the respective assessee to prefer appropriate appeals before the CESTAT.

e. Where the orders of CESTAT have been challenged before this Court or the respective High Court on the ground of maintainability due to lack of jurisdiction of the proper officer to issue show cause notices, this Court or the respective High Court shall dispose of such appeals or writ petitions in accordance with the ruling in this judgment and restore such notices to the CESTAT for hearing the matter on merits.

f. Where appeals against the orders-in-original involving issues pertaining to the jurisdiction of the proper officer to issue show cause notices under Section 28 are pending before the CESTAT, they shall now be decided in accordance with the observations made in this decision.”



6. In view of the above decision *vide* which DRI officials have now been recognised as '*proper officers*' under the Customs Act, 1962, this petition would no longer survive. The show cause proceedings shall proceed in accordance with law.
7. A copy of this order be sent to the concerned Adjudicating Authority for necessary information.
8. The petition, along with pending applications, is disposed of. Pending applications, if any, are also disposed of.

**PRATHIBA M. SINGH,
JUDGE**

**RAJNEESH KUMAR GUPTA
JUDGE**

APRIL 8, 2025/dk/Ar.