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* IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI

Date of decision: 10th December, 2025

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+ W.P.(C) 2727/2025, CM APPL. 12922/2025 & CM APPL. 29492/2025

NEELGIRI MACHINERY THROUGH ITS PROPRIETOR MRS ASHA DEVIPetitioner

Through: Mr. Rakesh Kumar and Parveen

Kumar Gambhir, Advs.

versus

COMMISSIONER DELHI GOODS AND SERVICE TAX AND OTHERSRespondent

Through: Ms. Urvi Mohan, Adv., GNCTD

CORAM: JUSTICE PRATHIBA M. SINGH JUSTICE SHAIL JAIN

JUDGMENT

Prathiba M. Singh, J.

- 1. This hearing has been done through hybrid mode.
- 2. The Petitioner –Neelgiri Machinery through its proprietor, Ms. Asha Devi has filed the present Petition under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, *inter alia*, challenging the Show Cause Notice (hereinafter, 'SCN') dated 11th December, 2023 as also the consequent order dated 30th April 2024 (hereinafter, '*impugned order*') passed by the Sales Tax Officer Class II/AVATO, Ward 63, Zone-6, Delhi for the tax period April 2018 to March 2019 (*hereinafter*, '*impugned order*').
- 3. Additionally, the present petition also challenges the vires of the

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following notifications:

- Notification No. 9/2023- Central Tax dated 31st March, 2023
- Notification No. 56/2023- Central Tax dated 28th December, 2023
- *Notification No. 56/2023-State Tax* dated 11th July, 2024 (hereinafter, 'the impugned notifications').
- 4. The challenge in the present petition is similar to a batch of petitions wherein, *inter alia*, the impugned notifications were challenged. *W.P.(C) No.* 16499/2023 titled *DJST Traders Private Limited v. Union of India & Ors.* was the lead matter in the said batch of petitions. On 22nd April, 2025, the parties were heard at length *qua* the validity of the impugned notifications and accordingly, the following order was passed:
 - "4 Submissions have been heard in part. The broad challenge to both sets of Notifications is on the ground that the proper procedure was not followed prior to the issuance of the same. In terms of Section 168A, prior recommendation of the GST Council is essential for extending deadlines. In respect of Notification no.9, the recommendation was made prior to the issuance of the same. However, insofar as Notification No. 56/2023 (Central Tax) the challenge is that the extension was granted contrary to the mandate under Section 168A of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and ratification was given subsequent to the issuance of the notification. The notification incorrectly states that it was on the recommendation of the GST Council. Insofar as the Notification No. 56 of 2023 (State Tax) is concerned, the challenge is to the effect that the same was issued on 11th July, 2024 after the expiry of the limitation in terms of the Notification *No.13 of 2022 (State Tax).*
 - 5. In fact, Notification Nos. 09 and 56 of 2023 (Central Tax) were challenged before various other High Courts. The Allahabad Court has upheld the

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validity of Notification no.9. The Patna High Court has upheld the validity of Notification no.56. Whereas, the Guwahati High Court has quashed Notification No. 56 of 2023 (Central Tax).

- 6. The Telangana High Court while not delving into the vires of the assailed notifications, made certain observations in respect of invalidity of Notification No. 56 of 2023 (Central Tax). This judgment of the Telangana High Court is now presently under consideration by the Supreme Court in S.L.P No 4240/2025 titled M/s HCC-SEW-MEIL-AAG JV v. Assistant Commissioner of State Tax &Ors. The Supreme Court vide order dated 21st February, 2025, passed the following order in the said case:
 - "1. The subject matter of challenge before the High Court was to the legality, validity and propriety of the Notification No.13/2022 dated 5-7-2022 & Notification Nos.9 and 56 of 2023 dated 31-3-2023 & 8-12-2023 respectively.
 - 2. However, in the present petition, we are concerned with Notification Nos.9 & 56/2023 dated 31-3-2023 respectively.
 - 3. These Notifications have been issued in the purported exercise of power under Section 168 (A) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act. 2017 (for short, the "GST Act").
 - 4. We have heard Dr. S. Muralidhar, the learned Senior counsel appearing for the petitioner.
 - 5. The issue that falls for the consideration of this Court is whether the time limit for adjudication of show cause notice and passing order under Section 73 of the GST Act and SGST Act (Telangana GST Act) for financial year 2019-2020 could have been extended by issuing the Notifications in question under Section 168-A of the GST Act.
 - 6. There are many other issues also arising for consideration in this matter.
 - 7. Dr. Muralidhar pointed out that there is a

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cleavage of opinion amongst different High Courts of the country. 8. Issue notice on the SLP as also on the prayer for interim relief, returnable on 7-3-2025."

- 7. In the meantime, the challenges were also pending before the Bombay High Court and the Punjab and Haryana High Court. In the Punjab and Haryana High Court vide order dated 12th March, 2025, all the writ petitions have been disposed of in terms of the interim orders passed therein. The operative portion of the said order reads as under:
 - "65. Almost all the issues, which have been raised before us in these present connected cases and have been noticed hereinabove, are the subject matter of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the aforesaid SLP.
 - 66. Keeping in view the judicial discipline, we refrain from giving our opinion with respect to the vires of Section 168-A of the Act as well as the notifications issued in purported exercise of power under Section 168-A of the Act which have been challenged, and we direct that all these present connected cases shall be governed by the judgment passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and the decision thereto shall be binding on these cases too.
 - 67. Since the matter is pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the interim order passed in the present cases, would continue to operate and would be governed by the final adjudication by the Supreme Court on the issues in the aforesaid SLP-4240-2025.
 - 68. In view of the aforesaid, all these connected cases are disposed of accordingly along with pending applications, if any."
- 8. The Court has heard ld. Counsels for the parties for a substantial period today. A perusal of the above would show that various High Courts have

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taken a view and the matter is squarely now pending before the Supreme Court.

- 9. Apart from the challenge to the notifications itself, various counsels submit that even if the same are upheld, they would still pray for relief for the parties as the Petitioners have been unable to file replies due to several reasons and were unable to avail of personal hearings in most cases. In effect therefore in most cases the adjudication orders are passed ex-parte. Huge demands have been raised and even penalties have been imposed.
- 10. Broadly, there are six categories of cases which are pending before this Court. While the issue concerning the validity of the impugned notifications is presently under consideration before the Supreme Court, this Court is of the prima facie view that, depending upon the categories of petitions, orders can be passed affording an opportunity to the Petitioners to place their stand before the adjudicating authority. In some cases, proceedings including appellate remedies may be permitted to be pursued by the Petitioners, without delving into the question of the validity of the said notifications at this stage.
- 11. The said categories and proposed reliefs have been broadly put to the parties today. They may seek instructions and revert by tomorrow i.e., 23rd April, 2025."
- 5. The abovementioned writ petition and various other writ petitions have been disposed of by this Court on subsequent dates, either remanding the matters or relegating the parties to avail of their appellate remedies, depending upon the factual situation in the respective cases. All such orders are subject to further orders of the Supreme Court in respect of the validity impugned notifications in S.L.P No 4240/2025 titled M/s HCC-SEW-MEIL-AAG JV v. Assistant Commissioner of State Tax &Ors.

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- 6. However, in cases where the challenge is to the parallel State Notifications, some of the cases have been retained for consideration by this Court. The lead matter in the said batch is W.P.(C) 9214/2024 titled Engineers India Limited v. Union of India &Ors.
- 7. On facts, the SCN was issued to the Petitioner on 11th December, 2023. Thereafter, a reminder notice dated 23rd March, 2024 was issued to the Petitioner. Ld. Counsel for the Department submits that the Petitioner had filed a reply to the SCN on 9th April, 2024 and the impugned order was passed thereafter on 30th April, 2024 after considering the reply of the Petitioner.
- 8. The Court has heard the parties and has perused the records. In view of the fact that the reply to the SCN has been filed by the Petitioner and the categories which have been created by the Court in such matters, the Petitioner is permitted to challenge the impugned order by way of an appeal.
- 9. Accordingly, the present petition is disposed of with liberty granted to the Petitioner to file an appeal under Section 107 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, before the Appellate Authority by 15th January, 2026.
- 10. If the appeal is filed by 15th January, 2026, it shall not be treated as being barred by limitation, and shall be adjudicated on merits.
- 11. The access to the portal shall be made available to the Petitioner within one week to download any documents which may be required.
- 12. It is further made clear that the decision of the Appellate Authority shall be subject to the decision of the Supreme Court in S.L.P. No. 4240/2025 titled M/s HCC-SEW-MEIL-AAG JV v. Assistant Commissioner of State Tax & Ors. and the decision of this Court in W.P. (C) 9214/2024 titled Engineers India Limited v. Union of India & Ors.

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- 13. It is made clear that the Appellate Authority shall decide the appeal filed by the Petitioner within a period of six months.
- 14. Accordingly, the present writ petition is disposed of in above terms. Pending applications, if any, are also disposed of.

PRATHIBA M. SINGH JUDGE

SHAIL JAIN JUDGE

DECEMBER 10, 2025/tg/ck

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